#### WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

A method for producing a catalyst composition which catalyzes the
formation of bisphenols from aromatic hydroxy compounds and carbonyl containing
compounds, said method comprising the step of attaching a poly-sulfur mercaptan
promoter component to a solid acid support component comprising a protic acid
functionality, said poly-sulfur mercaptan promoter component having the following
structure (f).

$$R_{i} = \left\{ \left[ \left( \begin{array}{c} X \\ \end{array} \right)_{a} - S \\ - \left[ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right]_{b} \left( -Y \\ \end{array} \right)_{c} - S \\ - - R_{2} \\ \right\}_{d}$$
 (1)

wherein R1 is an imidazole functionality;

wherein a is between about 0 and about 11;

wherein b is between about 1 and about 11;

wherein c is between about 1 and about 11;

wherein d is between about 1 and about 5;

wherein X is a linking functionality which is one member selected from the group consisting of a linear aliphatic chain comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, a cyclic aliphatic ring comprising at least 5 carbon atoms, a cyclic aromatic ring comprising at least 6 carbon atoms, a cyclic aliphatic heterocycle comprising at least 3 carbon atoms, and a cyclic aromatic heterocycle comprising at least 3 carbon atoms:

wherein Y is a linking functionality which is one member selected from the group consisting of a linear aliphatic chain comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, a cyclic aliphatic ring comprising at least 5 carbon atoms, a cyclic aromatic ring comprising at least 6 carbon atoms, a cyclic aliphatic heterocycle comprising at least 3 carbon atoms, and a cyclic aromatic heterocycle comprising at least 3 carbon atoms; and

wherein  $R_2$  is one member selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen, a secondary aliphatic functionality, a tertiary aliphatic functionality, an ester functionality, a carbonate functionality, and a benzyl functionality which is attached via the benzylic methylene carbon.

- The method of claim 1, wherein said tertiary aliphatic functionality is one member selected from the group consisting of a branched aliphatic functionality, and a cyclic aliphatic functionality.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein said  $R_2$  functionality is one member selected from the group consisting of an isopropyl functionality, an isobutyl functionality, a tertiary butyl functionality, a tertiary amyl functionality, a cyclopentyl functionality, a benzyl, a 4-methoxybenzyl functionality, a 1-methylcyclohexyl functionality, and a cyclohexyl functionality.
- The method of claim 1, wherein said ester functionality is one member selected from the group consisting of an acetate functionality, a propionate functionality, and a benzoate functionality.
- The method of claim 1, wherein said carbonate functionality is one member selected from the group consisting of an alkyl carbonate functionality, and an aromatic carbonate functionality.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the bisphenol which is being formed is 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the carbonyl containing compound is a ketone or an aldehyde.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the aromatic hydroxy compound is phenol, and the carbonyl containing compound is acetone.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the attachment step is performed in an aqueous solution comprising water.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein said solid acid comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of polystyrene, a zeolite, and silica.

11. A method for producing a catalyst composition which catalyzes the formation of bisphenols from aromatic hydroxy compounds and carbonyl containing compounds, said method comprising the step of attaching a poly-sulfur mercaptan promoter component to a polymeric resin component comprising a protic acid functionality, wherein said poly-sulfur mercaptan promoter component is a functionalized imidazole mercaptan.

 The method of claim 11, wherein said functionalized imidazole mercaptan has the structure (V),

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_{22} & & \\
\hline
N & & \\
R_{23} & & \\
\hline
N & & \\
R_{21} & & \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
S & & \\
p & & \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
Y & & \\
q & & \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_{20} & & \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
(V) & & \\
\end{array}$$

wherein o is between about 0 and about 11;

wherein p is between about 1 and about 11;

wherein q is between about 1 and about 11;

wherein  $R_{20}$  is a hydrogen atom or a sulfur-protecting functionality which is one member selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic functionality comprising at least about 4 carbon atom, an ester functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, a carbonate functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, and a benzylic functionality comprising at least about 7 carbon atoms which is attached to the terminal sulfur atom via the benzylic methylene carbon;

wherein  $R_{21}$  is one member selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen, an aliphatic carbonyl functionality comprising about 1 to about 11 carbon atoms, an aliphatic functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, an aromatic carbonyl functionality comprising at least about 7 carbon atoms, and an aromatic functionality comprising at least about 6 carbon atoms; and

wherein each of  $R_{22}$  and  $R_{23}$  are independently one member selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen, a fluoride, a bromide, a chloride, an iodide, a vinyl group, a hydroxide, an alkoxide functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, an aryloxide functionality comprising at least about 6 carbon atoms, an aliphatic functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, an

aromatic functionality comprising at least about 6 carbon atoms, a cycloaliphatic ring comprising at least about 5 carbon atoms, said cycloaliphatic ring being fused to the imidazole ring through an adjacent ring substituent, and a cycloaromatic ring comprising at least about 6 carbon atoms, said cycloaromatic ring being fused to the imidazole ring through an adjacent ring substituent.

- The method of claim 11, wherein the bisphenol which is being formed is 4.4'-isopropylidenediphenol.
- The method of claim 11, wherein the carbonyl containing compound is a ketone or an aldehyde.
- 15. The method of claim 11, wherein the aromatic hydroxy compound is phenol, and the carbonyl containing compound is acetone.
- 16. The method of claim 11, wherein the attachment step is performed in an aqueous solution comprising water.
- 17. The method of claim 11, wherein said polymeric resin comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of polystyrene, a zeolite, and silica.
- The method of claim 17, wherein said polymeric resin further comprises divinylbenzene.
- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the amount of divinylbenzene is up to about 12 percent of the total weight of the polymeric resin.
- 20. The method of claim 11, wherein said protic acid functionality comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of a sulfonic acid functionality, a phosphonic acid functionality, and a carboxylic acid functionality.
- 21. The method of claim 12, wherein the linking functionality X, is the same as the linking functionality Y.

22. A method for forming bisphenols, comprising the step of reacting an aromatic hydroxy compound with a carbonyl containing compound in the presence of a catalyst composition, said catalyst composition comprising a solid acid component and a poly-sulfur mercaptan promoter component having the following structure (I),

$$R_{1} = \left\{ \left[ \left( -X - \right)_{a} - S - \right]_{b} \left( -Y - \right)_{c} - S - - - R_{2} \right\}_{d} \tag{1}$$

wherein R1 is an imidazole functionality;

wherein a is between about 0 and about 11;

wherein b is between about 1 and about 11;

wherein c is between about 1 and about 11;

wherein d is between about 1 and about 5;

wherein X is a linking functionality which is one member selected from the group consisting of a linear aliphatic chain comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, a cyclic aliphatic ring comprising at least 5 carbon atoms, a cyclic aromatic ring comprising at least 6 carbon atoms, a cyclic aliphatic heterocycle comprising at least 3 carbon atoms, and a cyclic aromatic heterocycle comprising at least 3 carbon atoms:

wherein Y is a linking functionality which is one member selected from the group consisting of a linear aliphatic chain comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, a cyclic aliphatic ring comprising at least 5 carbon atoms, a cyclic aromatic ring comprising at least 6 carbon atoms, a cyclic aliphatic heterocycle comprising at least 3 carbon atoms, and a cyclic aromatic heterocycle comprising at least 3 carbon atoms; and

wherein  $R_2$  is one member selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen, a secondary aliphatic functionality, a tertiary aliphatic functionality, an ester

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functionality, a carbonate functionality, and a benzyl functionality which is attached via the benzylic methylene carbon.

- 23. The method of claim 22, wherein said tertiary aliphatic functionality is one member selected from the group consisting of a branched aliphatic functionality, and a cyclic aliphatic functionality.
- 24. The method of claim 22, wherein said  $R_2$  is one member selected from the group consisting of a, an isopropyl functionality, an isobutyl functionality, a tertiary butyl functionality, a tertiary amyl functionality, a cyclopentyl functionality, a benzyl, a 4-methoxybenzyl, a 1-methylcyclohexyl functionality, and a cyclohexyl functionality.
- 25. The method of claim 22, wherein said ester functionality is one member selected from the group consisting of an acetate functionality, a propionate functionality, and a benzoate functionality.
- 26. The method of claim 22, wherein said carbonate functionality is one member selected from the group consisting of an alkyl carbonate functionality, and an aromatic carbonate functionality.
- The method of claim 22, wherein the bisphenol which is being formed is 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol.
- The method of claim 22 wherein the aromatic hydroxy compound is phenol.
- The method of claim 22, wherein the carbonyl containing compound is a ketone or an aldehyde.
  - 30. The method of claim 29 wherein the ketone is acetone.
- The method of claim 22, wherein said solid acid comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of polystyrene, a zeolite, and silica.
- The method of claim 22 wherein said solid acid is a sulfonic acid functionalized polymeric resin.

- The method of claim 32, wherein said polymeric resin further comprises divinylbenzene.
- 34. The method of claim 33, wherein the amount of divinylbenzene is up to about 12 percent of the total weight of the polymeric resin.
- 35. The method of claim 22 wherein said solid acid component comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of a sulfonic acid functionality, a phosphonic acid functionality, and a carboxylic acid functionality.
- 36. The method of claim 22, wherein the linking functionality X, is the same as the linking functionality Y.
- 37. A method for forming bisphenols, comprising the step of reacting an aromatic hydroxy compound with a carbonyl containing compound in the presence of a catalyst composition, said catalyst composition comprising a polymeric resin component comprising a protic acid functionality, and a poly-sulfur mercaptan promoter component, wherein said poly-sulfur mercaptan promoter component is a functionalized imidazole mercaptan.

 The method of claim 37, wherein said functionalized imidazole mercaptan has the structure (V),

$$R_{22}$$
 $N$ 
 $R_{23}$ 
 $N$ 
 $R_{21}$ 
 $R_{21}$ 
 $R_{21}$ 
 $R_{22}$ 
 $R_{20}$ 
 $R_{20}$ 
 $R_{20}$ 
 $R_{20}$ 

wherein o is between about 0 and about 11;

wherein p is between about 1 and about 11;

wherein q is between about 1 and about 11;

wherein  $R_{20}$  is a hydrogen atom or a sulfur-protecting functionality which is one member selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic functionality comprising at least about 4 carbon atom, an ester functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, a carbonate functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, and a benzylic functionality comprising at least about 7 carbon atoms which is attached to the terminal sulfur atom via the benzylic methylene carbon;

wherein  $R_{21}$  is one member selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen, an aliphatic carbonyl functionality comprising about 1 to about 11 carbon atoms, an aliphatic functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, an aromatic carbonyl functionality comprising at least about 7 carbon atoms, and an aromatic functionality comprising at least about 6 carbon atoms; and

wherein each of  $R_{22}$  and  $R_{23}$  are independently one member selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen, a fluoride, a bromide, a chloride, an iodide, a vinyl group, a hydroxide, an alkoxide functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, an aryloxide functionality comprising at least about 6 carbon atoms, an aliphatic functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, an

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aromatic functionality comprising at least about 6 carbon atoms, a cycloaliphatic ring comprising at least about 5 carbon atoms, said cycloaliphatic ring being fused to the imidazole ring through an adjacent ring substituent, and a cycloaromatic ring comprising at least about 6 carbon atoms, said cycloaromatic ring being fused to the imidazole ring through an adjacent ring substituent.

- The method of claim 37, wherein the bisphenol which is being formed is 4.4'-isopropylidenediphenol.
- The method of claim 37, wherein the aromatic hydroxy compound is phenol.
- 41. The method of claim 37, wherein the carbonyl containing compound is a ketone or an aldehyde.
  - 42. The method of claim 41, wherein the ketone is acetone.
- 43. The method of claim 37, wherein said polymeric resin comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of polystyrene, a zeolite, and silica
- The method of claim 43, wherein said polymeric resin further comprises divinylbenzene.
- 45. The method of claim 44, wherein the amount of divinylbenzene is up to about 12 percent based on the total weight of the polymeric resin.
- 46. The method of claim 37, wherein said protic acid functionality comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of a sulfonic acid functionality, a phosphonic acid functionality, and a carboxylic acid functionality.
- 47. The method of claim 38, wherein the linking functionality X, is the same as the linking functionality Y.

## 48. An imidazole compound having the following structure (V),

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R_{22} & N & \hline \\ N & \hline \\ R_{23} & N & \hline \\ R_{21} & S & p & q & S & R_{20} \end{array}$$

wherein o is between about 0 and about 11;

wherein p is between about 1 and about 11;

wherein q is between about 1 and about 11;

wherein  $R_{20}$  is a hydrogen atom or a sulfur-protecting functionality which is one member selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic functionality comprising at least about 4 carbon atom, an ester functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, a carbonate functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, and a benzylic functionality comprising at least about 7 carbon atoms which is attached to the terminal sulfur atom via the benzylic methylene carbon:

wherein  $R_{21}$  is one member selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen, an aliphatic carbonyl functionality comprising about 1 to about 11 carbon atoms, an aliphatic functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, an aromatic carbonyl functionality comprising at least about 7 carbon atoms, and an aromatic functionality comprising at least about 6 carbon atoms; and

wherein each of  $R_{22}$  and  $R_{23}$  are independently one member selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen, a fluoride, a bromide, a chloride, an iodide, a vinyl group, a hydroxide, an alkoxide functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, an aryloxide functionality comprising at least about 6 carbon atoms, an aliphatic functionality comprising between about 1 and about 11 carbon atoms, an aromatic functionality comprising at least about 6 carbon atoms, a cycloaliphatic ring

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comprising at least about 5 carbon atoms, said cycloaliphatic ring being fused to the imidazole ring through an adjacent ring substituent, and a cycloaromatic ring comprising at least about 6 carbon atoms, said cycloaromatic ring being fused to the imidazole ring through an adjacent ring substituent.